

# The Vulcan Advocate

"Serves the Heart of Southern Alberta's Wheat Belt"

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## News Gleanings FROM OUR CORRESPONDENTS Of The District

### KIRKCALDY

Mr. and Mrs. Steve Lang and A. J. Maisey motored to Calgary on Saturday night for the closing events of the Stampede.

D. DeFreese, W. Saunders and M. Carnegie were visitors in Lethbridge on Thursday.

Iver Swanson spent several days in Calgary last week.

Shirley and Gordon Saunders of Taber, were week-end visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. Saunders.

Mr. A. B. Sansome has been a patient in the Vulcan hospital for the past few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Brinton and son were Calgary visitors on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Galloway and family were Sunday visitors in Calgary.

### ALSTON

Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Galbraith have returned from Ontario by way of the States.

Dr. and Mrs. Charles Galbraith and daughter Vivian are spending a few days resting from the trip at the home of D. H. Galbraith.

Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Lilly and family and Mr. and Mrs. Otto Hagg and daughter Laura, spent a week-end at Waterton.

Mr. and Mrs. B. H. J. Macdonald took a number of young folks to Calgary to see the parade.

Mr. and Mrs. Roger Hubbard and family motored to Calgary last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. N. Hubbard of Saskatoon and two boys, are visiting with Mr. and Mrs. R. Hubbard.

Jim Lawrence of the Bar U, is visiting with his parents for a few days.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Ostin Standish of Banff, a daughter, Mrs. Standish was the former Miss Lorena Lawrence.

### EASTWAY

Mrs. M. P. Marshall was visiting with relatives in Calgary for a few days last week.

Several residents of this district went to Calgary to view the Stampede parade, and report it was a grand sight and well organized.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Marshall are at present on a camping trip to Banff and other points.

Mr. Wyatt was a Calgary Stampede visitor, as also was Mr. R. Brodrick Sr.

Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Goldthorpe have been holidaying at Lomond and Waterton Lakes.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Burgess are on a trip to Bowden and other points north.

Mrs. D. Colby Carr and son John are visitors at the home of Mrs. Amey.

Mrs. J. B. Marshall will be hostess to the social club on July 25th.

### BRANT

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Green and family and Mrs. Munro McKay have returned to their homes having spent the holidays with relatives in Montana.

The Brant school is undergoing extensive alterations and repairs including new hardwood floors and gypocing the walls.

The Searle Grain Co. has been receiving repair in preparation for the coming grain season.

Mrs. W. C. Woodward was a visitor at the home of her daughter Mrs. M. D. McIntyre recently.

Mrs. P. Murphy is renewing old acquaintances while visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Don Shultz.

Brant was well represented at the Calgary Exhibition and Stampede with everyone reporting a wonderful time.

### REID HILL-MILO

Friends of Mrs. Booth Sr., will be pleased to learn that she has sufficiently recovered to return home from the hospital.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Speer were Calgary visitors last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Mix and Mr. and Mrs. P. Bowie camped in the High River district for a few days last week.

Ralph Bittorf is a visitor at the Ben Dann home this week.

Mrs. Lloyd Munson has her mother, Mrs. Reimer of Didsbury visiting her at present.

Mrs. M. Parkin of Golden, B.C.,

## Calgary Nuptials Gill - Robson

On June 28th at 8 p.m. at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jack Robson, 1647 Bowness Road, Calgary, parents of the Bride, the marriage took place of Miss Annie Robson, late of the Berrywater district, and Mr. Douglas Gill of Abergabenny, Monmouthshire, Wales, also well known in the Vulcan district.

Dr. Hollingsworth of Calgary performed the ceremony. Given in marriage by her father, the bride wore a dress of Queen's blue with a blue and white picture hat, with gloves and accessories to match and carried a bouquet of pink and white peonies. Her sister, Miss Violet Robson, as bridesmaid, wore powder blue sheer with hat and accessories to match.

The bride's mother, Mrs. Jack Robson, wore navy sheer. After the ceremony, the company present, consisting of relatives and intimate friends, sat down to a sumptuous wedding supper. In the centre of the table was a three tier wedding cake made and tastefully decorated by the bride's mother.

After a short honeymoon spent in the mountains, Mr. and Mrs. Gill will reside in Calgary.

### HUMMON - BOULTER

A wedding of interest in the Berrywater district took place in Calgary on Friday, July 12th, when Miss Frida Boulter and Mrs. Deral Hummon were united in marriage.

The bride taught the Berrywater school for several seasons and the bridegroom is formerly of Carmangay.

Among the guests who attended the reception following the ceremony, at the Club Cafe, were Mr. and Mrs. Ross Walker, Vulcan, and Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Douglas, Nanton.

## Calgary Stampede Breaks Records

Great Crowds Pouring in  
For Opening Days From All  
Over Canada and United

Attendance at the first day of the Calgary Stampede beat all previous Stampede records. 42,775 persons made up the all-time high on the first day, beating the previous record of 1929. On day was a beautiful day for the parade, which was regarded as the best in years. There was two miles of parade to impress the visitors from United States and Eastern Canada. The military note was carried out in the 1000 marching troopers and the R.C.M.P. The old west had its part in the Indian parade, the chuck wagons, the Red River carts, old timers and the cowboys, while the floats were up to the usual fine standard.

The various sections were headed by the bands, and prominent amongst these was the High River Elks' band. The local band had the honor of leading the Pioneers' section, and they acquitted themselves splendidly. Military music was the rule all along the streets.

The International Goodwill pageant with its bevy of pretty girls was one of the outstanding features, a tribute to the many American visitors.

The wild west sports at the arena were up to all tradition, with cowboys young and old taking dives from the wild, kicking bronks. Black Diamond and Turner Valley talent is figuring largely in the prize-winning classes.

spent the week end at the home of her mother, Mrs. Agnes McKay.

Mrs. Winter Speer is spending a few days in Vulcan.

Several district families, including Mr. and Mrs. Scotney, Mr. and Mrs. N. K. Budd, Mr. and Mrs. Ted Campbell and Mr. and Mrs. W. Bittorf combined pleasure and business last week when they camped and picked berries for three days last week west of High River.

Mrs. Peter McIntyre has returned from a week's stay in Calgary.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Bystrom of Calgary are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Guy Walker.

Mrs. A. Kurtz and children of Champion are spending a few days at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ben Dan.

Mr. Boyd McKay and his sister, Ruth, have returned from a motor trip to Banff.

Mrs. Roy McIntyre of Lethbridge is a visitor at the A. McIntyre home.

## Canada to Supply Army with Universal Carriers



UNIVERSAL machine gun carriers will soon be added to the list of army vehicles made in Canada for the fighting forces at home and overseas. These are equipped with caterpillar treads and are very manoeuvrable and speedy. They are armoured against small arms fire and will carry three Bren guns, or can be used to carry ammunition, wireless sets and other necessary equipment. They will be produced in the Windsor plant of Ford Motor Company of Canada, Limited, which has been selected as the most suitable for the production of this vehicle. In the lower photograph, Mr. Wallace R. Campbell, president of the Canadian Ford organization, is shown with Lieut.-Col. D. C. Warnica, officer commanding the Essex Tank Battalion, Windsor, inspecting one of the Universal carriers. Other army vehicles now made in the Ford plant in



Windsor include the powerful four-wheel drive gun tractor pictured above. These and other types of military vehicles are rolling off the assembly line of the Canadian Ford plant which is supplying nearly 10,000 units to the Canadian army and another

25,000 units for military purposes to other Empire governments. The plant is now being expanded by a \$700,000 addition to provide facilities for building Universal carriers and to increase production of other types of military vehicles.

## Brief Items of Local Interest

Miss Mae Morley and Miss Eileen Speer are Banff visitors this week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Shortt were Inisfail visitors over the week end.

Miss Dorothy Adams is visiting with Miss Lois Messenger this week.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Chell and two sons have returned from a holiday at Mead Hat.

Miss Amy Tuttle of Lethbridge is holidaying at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. Tuttle.

Mrs. Anna Brooks and her son, Tom, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. E. Hanson, were Banff visitors last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Lyl Jones and family have returned from a holiday spent at Banff, Rosebud and Calgary.

Mr. and Mrs. Percy Myers and family, accompanied by Miss Dorothy Levers, were recent Banff visitors.

Mrs. Sadie Oldenburg of Vermilion is spending a week visiting with her brothers, Bill, Henry, Bob and George Todd and their families.

Masters Jerry LaRoche and Kenneth McIntyre are visitors at the home of their uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Mervin McIntyre at Brant.

Mr. and Mrs. Fox, Mrs. Harold Fox and Mr. Earl Fox of Lethbridge, accompanied by Miss Eileen Hill were week-end visitors at the Hill ranch.

Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Allan spent the week-end at DeWinton. Miss Elaine Allan who has been holidaying, returned home with her parents.

Several district friends of Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Gill, nee Annie Robinson gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Douglass near Nanton recently, and held a shower and party in their honor.

Mr. Duncan Chalmers of Edmonton, government bee inspector of Alberta, visited Mr. and Mrs. Fred Graham and family on Tuesday of last week. Mr. Chalmers was an old friend and neighbor of the Graham family in the east.

A drenching rain which benefited most sections of the district late Tuesday afternoon was accompanied by severe hail southwest of the town. Several farmers experienced light hail which they state will not harm their yield but on the farms of Morris Lyman, Phil Lucas and Allan Fisher, the loss was as high as 100%.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Clayton have returned from a few days in Calgary.

Jack Wenger of Okotoks is visiting his cousins Jim and Stanley Kettleison.

Miss Betty Craig is holidaying in Edmonton.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Stroud and daughter, Virginia, have returned from a vacation trip spent at Jasper.

Fred and Gerald Simington, father and son, who are now with the Colors, were week-end visitors in town.

Mrs. Ritson, formerly of Vulcan, is a guest at the home of Mrs. McLaggan at present.

Mrs. W. E. Mason and sons Terry and Dean are spending a few days visiting at the home of Mrs. A. McIver.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Gregg and children were recent visitors at Jasper and Banff.

Mr. Donald Ulrich has returned after spending a two weeks' vacation at Sylvan Lake and reports a very pleasant holiday was spent.

Several Girl Guides left on Monday for a camping trip on Sheep Creek west of Nanton. They were accompanied by Miss Margaret Woodward.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Graham and family motored to Calgary last week. They were visitors at the Exhibition and Stampede.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Cross and family, Wilma and Kenny of Kincaid, Sask., spent a few days in Vulcan last week. They were the guests of Mrs. Cross's brothers, Fred, Elmer and Clifford Graham.

Miss Margaret Munro has returned from a holiday spent at Calgary and Gull Lake. She returned by way of Penhold where she visited with Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Lee and at Sundre with Mr. and Mrs. W. Salvage.

The Reid Hill W. I. were recently entertained by the Thigh Hill W. I. at the home of Mrs. J. A. McKay. A most pleasant afternoon was enjoyed by the fifty guests, who spent considerable time learning the words and music to the song hit "There'll Always Be An England." The two contests were won by Mrs. A. McIntyre and Mrs. E. Kuykendall. Mrs. Hazel Mainland gave an interesting reading, followed by a demonstration by Mr. W. J. Saunders of the new Servel Electrolux. Ice cream and cake were served at the close

## War Savings Show Very Successful

The Shriners of the Vulcan district wish to thank the public for the splendid support given them on the War Stamp drive in connection with the picture show sponsored by the Motion Picture Industry of Canada on Monday night July 15th.

A total of \$280.00 in War Savings stamps were sold for this night. The committee wish to thank Mr. C. R. Robson, our local theatre operator for the donation of his theatre free of all expenses. It was the same story "Sold Out," not even standing room left and the last War Savings stamp was sold.

## Collier - Wheeler Wedding at H.R.

A quiet wedding was solemnized at the United Church manse at High River on Sunday, July 14th, when Roberta Blanche, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. Wheeler of Blackie, became the bride of Mr. Russel Charles Collier, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Collier of Vulcan.

The bride was becomingly attired in a floor length gown of blue sheer and wore a picture hat.

Miss Nora Collier, sister of the bridegroom, was the bridesmaid. Her gown was pink net and she also wore a picture hat.

Mr. Stewart Campbell attended the bridegroom.

A reception for the bridal party was held at the York hotel on Sunday evening. After a short wedding trip Mr. and Mrs. Collier will make their home in Vulcan.

## Painfully Injures Hand In Accident

Miss Jean Martin had the misfortune of being painfully injured when she had her hand caught in the mechanism of their ice cream freezer this week. Amputation of part of one of her fingers was necessary. We all join in wishing her a speedy recovery.

## Military Men After Major Foort

Lectures on British Israelite  
Belief, Up in Court; Com-  
plaints of His Lectures

Major Foort, well known lecturer on British Israelite subjects, is the latest to fall under suspicion for his utterances. He was in police court in Calgary on Monday, defending himself against two charges under defence regulations. Magistrate Fitch heard the evidence and in his opinion, Major Foort was on thin ice. The charge was that the defendant had made statements at a meeting in Calgary prejudicial to the efficient prosecution of the war, and causing disaffection to His Majesty.

Major Roche, D.A.A., Q.M.G., Military District 13, testified that he nearly stopped the meeting at the lecture on Nebuchadnezzar's Dream. "He was painting a picture of blue ruin" said the complainant Major. He admitted no direct mention was made of Canada, but he felt the impression left from the lecture would discourage recruiting, reduce confidence of mothers and hinder people from buying war stamps.

Sgt.-Major Griswold and Private Bailey testified.

H. S. Adams, Major Foort's solicitor, quoted Hansard to show that much the same statements were made in parliament. It was pointed out that the complainants had picked out "a few plums" without connection with the general speech. Major Foort was in the British army 27 years and is now on pension. He said it was his purpose to waken people and make them get on with the war. Magistrate Fitch said that the statements mentioned seemed to be the ones that left most impression on the witnesses who spoke.

Steel corsets may be made for the shock troops of the Battle of Britain. One 16-pound corset is said to have proved capable of withstanding bullets, shells and bombs at 25 yards. A 16½ pound corset can stand up against machine and rifle fire.

Very stiff fines are imposed on all those failing to register at the period of national registration in August.



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CHARLES CLARK Owner-Publisher  
ROBERT C. MUNRO Editor



Thursday, July 18, 1940

## If Small Farms Disappear

THE gradual disappearance of the small quarter section farm is one of the melancholy predictions of this period of increased mechanization and low prices of farm products. This is another consequence of the disparity which prevails between that which the farmer sells, and that which he buys. It is a trend which may result in depopulation of wheat growing areas, and a loss of productive population. The people unable to make a fair livelihood on a quarter or half section, will abandon their farms. And where will they go? Town labor is overcrowded in normal times, and any drift to the city usually results in additional relief recipients.

Added to this is destruction of the fabric of rural life. A thriving community is one of many homes, a good school, neighborly social life and settlement. There is no life nor real prosperity in any area where homes are empty and forsaken, and one outfit farms three or four sections. The probability is that the big farmer lives elsewhere, contributing nothing in the way of personal interest to the community.

Continuing neglect to assure the farmer fair prices for what he produces, is likely to result in the loss of farm population. This is particularly true of wheat areas, where the whole concentration must be on cheap production. It is recognized that the strength of Canada lies in its rural population, but relatively little is done to maintain that strength.

Yet, in spite of this gloomy picture, there is proof in this district that a good farmer can make a living from a quarter section. It is doubtful if this can be done with wheat alone. The most secure farmer seems to be one who has many irons in the fire—poultry, dairy products, hogs, a few head of cattle. Not every part of the country lends itself to mixed farming, but it is certain that many farmers have placed too much reliance on wheat alone. It is rarely that all products of a mixed farm, are caught in a starvation slump at the same time. Usually there is one lifesaver to keep things afloat temporarily. Mixed farming means tedious, unremitting toil with poor returns for the labor involved. But it is the surest way to keep the wolf from the door. It is the surest way in which farmers can help themselves in preventing that depopulation which is predicted. In view of the industrial upheavals and unemployment which are likely to follow the war, the greatest security seems to lie in a quarter section suitable for mixed farming.

## Case for Municipalities

AT the convention of Alberta Municipalities which was held recently, a strong case was presented for a readjustment of relations between province and municipalities in respect to debt and responsibilities. D. M. Duggan based an address on this subject on the increasing revenue of the government, as contrasted with a decrease generally in municipal revenue. The general revenue of the province has grown from 12½ million in 1930 to more than 17 million in 1938. A heavier demand has been placed upon municipal districts. Yet municipal councillors have succeeded in decreasing debt, at a period when senior taxing bodies increase debt. This lowest taxing body is the one which is most closely in touch with the individual taxpayer and most aware of his financial condition. It has proved itself the most able and conscientious in keeping expenditures within reasonable limit.

But the provincial government which has so increased its revenue should move immediately in relieving municipal districts of the strain of financing. The social service demand might be reduced. The municipal districts which contribute such a share of motor vehicle revenue should have a proportion returned for road work. Grants to schools could be increased. Municipal debt could be readjusted under the proposals laid out in the Rowell report. In any one or more ways the provincial government could and should recognize the position of municipalities.

It is the common people who are being overburdened with taxes. They pay to municipalities, province and dominion.

The federal demands seem to be quite beyond control, and the fact that they are launched in the name of the war, is likely to smother any criticism. But it is a question if some of the salaries being paid at Ottawa are justified by war needs or results.

But the provincial government has assumed no war obligations. Its revenue position is such that it might relieve the municipalities, and thus relieve the individual taxpayer. Within the range of their responsibilities and service, no government uses money more thriftily than the municipal councils.

## WINDSORS FLY TO BERMUDA

A despatch from Lisbon says that the Duke and Duchess of Windsor have booked passage by air clipper to New York and from there to the Bahamas where the Duke will be Governor. They will make a short stop-over at New York.

## Pertinent Topics

DISCUSSED BY H. C.

What France did lately is no more than she nearly did in 1916, when she was on the verge of surrender and Britain had to waste thousands of lives and millions of pounds to keep her in line. Then, as now, she was honeycombed by faction. The subversive element was not known then as the fifth column, but it was there under other names undermining the will to victory. That will had to come from across the channel, and afterwards from across the Atlantic. It saved France then and she has relied on it ever since, together with that line by Maginot who never dreamed it was vulnerable from within.

"God knows" was Mr. King's answer to a question as to when conscripts will be called to the colors. We agree with the Premier only because we have been trained never to doubt God's omniscience.

At this writing the indications are that Avila Camacho has been elected President of Mexico by a large majority of ballots.

To prevent a false impression being created by recent events, DeValera announces that Eire is still neutral and will defend her neutrality at all hazards. That makes—let's see—well, there was Czechoslovakia, Poland, Norway, Denmark, Holland, Belgium, six countries that did the same.

Whatever Mr. King owes to Sir Wm. Mulock he is paying unto the third generation.

Referring to Lindbergh's attitude toward the war, a newspaper says he is emulating Wrong Way Corrigan. If so, he is going the wrong way about it.

It is not bad manners to look a Trojan horse in the mouth. It renews our faith in the Italian people to note that in condemning Britain for assaulting the fleet the Italian press did not disclose the alternatives that were offered, and even falsely suggested that the action was reprobated in America. There is much to be said for a people who have to be lied to in such case.

Prince Edward Island has renewed its faith in prohibition. Having a magnificent coast line with many indentations, the Islanders regard Prohibition as better than having no liquor at all, and the stuff does not cost so much. After all, the chief item in cost is the tax (customs or excise, plus sales and business tax) which can be nicely evaded by an island richly endowed by nature with coves and inlets.

The capitulation of France began when Petain, because he was a close personal friend of Franco, was made ambassador to Spain. Mussolini knew all that was going on and was able to strike just in time to be in at the kill.

In a broadcast, Petain said Britain was mistaken if she thought he would give up the French fleet to be used against her. In the next breath he announced that he is going to ask Hitler to allow the French government to meet in Paris and Versailles.

Frenchmen still fighting with Britain are being accused of treason by the Petain government which is in an excellent position to know what the word means. The men accused are carrying out a pledge made to an ally; the accusers betrayed their ally and, under duress, have to do what we hope they would not otherwise do, viz., proceed against their comrades who remained faithful to the country, their ally and their oath.

If Hitler does not commence his invasion of Britain by attacking Ireland he lacks sagacity. Ireland asks for it. When DeValera warns that Eire will not tolerate invasion from any quarter he is telling Hitler that England is still the ancestral enemy. He knows there is no danger from any quarter but one, yet for political or factional reasons, he must include England, Belgium, Holland and Norway talked the same nonsense, but their fate does not impress DeValera, although he must know he cannot, without British assistance, stand off the Germans and Irish Republicans.

Mr. King could not expect much success in broadening the base of his government after he had made loyalty to himself the chief requisite toward admission into the Cabinet. When Sir Robert Borden was negotiating a union government three Westerners declined to go into it if he remained leader. He offered to resign but his colleagues and followers refused to consider anyone else. The three then joined his Cabinet and were rather ashamed afterwards of their mistrust in him and of their choice of alternatives under whom they would serve. Not one of the men they had suggested would compare in ability, energy, sincerity and capacity with Sir Robert.

A British Cabinet Minister announces that in a recent week, traffic accidents caused more deaths in England than German bombs did. He may have said this just to make Goering mad.

Railway revenues are making a commendable effort to meet expenditure and with some measure of success due entirely to the war, but certainly not enough to justify the Montreal terminals.

In anticipation of the threatened French invasion of England more than a century ago, Sidney Smith wrote: "As for the spirit of the peasantry, in making a gallant defence behind hedges and through plate racks and hen-coops, as I think of their bravery, I do not know any nation in Europe so likely to be struck with panic as English; and this from their total unacquaintance with the science of war. Old wheat and beans blazing for twenty miles round; cart mares shot; sows of Lord Somerville's breed running wild over the country; the minister of the parish wounded sorely in his hinder parts; Mrs. Pleyley in fits; all these scenes of war an Austrian or a Russian has seen three or four times over; but it is now three centuries since our English pig has fallen in a fair battle upon English ground, or a farm house been rifled."

Sidney Smith was a humorist but there was a good deal of sense mixed up with his nonsense. A hundred years or

## Washington Scene A Canadian View

Bruce Hutchison in CBC Broadcast, Tells of Closer Co-ordination on This Continent

Bruce Hutchison, well known Canadian broadcaster gave a talk recently over CBC which has roused interest. His subject was "Washington as viewed by a Canadian," and his forecast of coming events implies much closer relationship in the Americas. He says: "In terms of economics, of trade and business, the United States today is trying to erect a new system. It is nothing less than that and we had better understand it in Canada for, economically, we are part of it whether we like that or not."

"In the first place, the government of the United States proposes to create a watertight economic and trading area embracing all North and all South America. This it has to do for its own protection, for the obvious reason that if the South American countries continue their present large trade with Germany and Italy, they will inevitably fall under German and Italian economic domination, then under political domination and finally under military domination, a pistol pointed at the heart of the United States."

"But if the South American countries are to be prevented from shipping goods to our enemies they will collapse unless another market can be found for them. So the United States proposes to set up a central trading corporation and to take over the surplus exports of South America, worth about a billion dollars a year. What the United States will do with these goods is not clear yet. It will use what it can and ship the rest, perhaps by barter, to neutral countries that want them. In any case, all trade with South America will have to go through the American clearing house and thus, whatever happens, Germany and Italy will be prevented from penetrating further into the South American economy, where they are already well entrenched."

"Canada definitely is invited into this general scheme. In Washington our eager co-operation is taken for granted. How the United States can absorb more of our wheat, lumber, minerals, fish and other exports is a problem still to be worked out, but the United States realizes today that it must help Canada to survive the blow caused by the loss of our markets overseas. To us, of course, this is, economically speaking, a matter of life and death."

"To the United States it is a military necessity to keep Canada's economy stable. To Canada it is an economic necessity to maintain its exports, and to buy the American goods it requires at a time when its own sources of money overseas have largely dried up."

"Thus we can certainly forget in Canada all the tariff arguments of the past, all the party cries, all the old political issues."

**More Regulation**  
"If this hemisphere attempts to make itself largely self-contained, it becomes necessary to regulate production, and cut down surplus out to an ever greater degree. To a degree government in North America is to be put on a totalitarian basis in respect to economics. More taxes, more regimentation are in store for all of us."

**Military Changes**  
"United States is starting to make itself a military nation. Americans find themselves with only 75,000 equipped troops, 2,000 first line planes, and almost total lack of other equipment. They are starting to increase their navy by 70%. But the terrible fact remains, that the United States is not in position to give us more material assistance than it is giving now."

"United States is in plain terms already in the war, but a formal declaration tomorrow would not enable the country to do anything in a material way to the British cause, though the moral effect would be profound."

"The American people are praying at this hour that Britain can stand the siege. If the government did not believe Britain could do so, it would not now be handing over its precious guns and planes. It knows that its front line of defence is that little island in the North Sea. In every American newspaper, they are telling Britain to hold the fort until the great industrial power of America, including Canada, can be mobilized."

"By autumn the American weight should be felt. And with the new economy in the Americas, with trade to every nation but Britain, cut off, the United States is helping Britain ring Germany with the deadly walls of blockade."

"The great hope here is that the siege of Britain will turn out to be the siege of Germany. But for the moment declaration of war is politically impossible. Some of those who most want intervention believe it would split the country, and impede the nation's sympathetic efforts. But in future defence of North America, Canada and United States will co-operate completely. But it must be emphasized that there is no thought in Washington of interfering with Canada's freedom of action or decisions. There will be military and economic co-operation, but no one thinks of political union, nor wants it."

It is suggested that Britain needs old metal and scrap iron for emergency defense and that there is a lot of such material lying wasted on Alberta farms. Would this be a practical donation to the cause?

↑↑↑

About 2,000 children sent from Britain to become guests of Canadian families reached Halifax on July 12, and another shipload was on its way. These children are privately sponsored Government sponsored children may remain in England.

## Guarding Tongue A British Pledge

The government hopes to enrol every man, woman and child in the United Kingdom in a "column of silent soldiers" pledged to kill rumors and defeatist talk.

They will be asked to fight these enemies:

1. Rumors completely false or partly true which tend to cause confusion in civilians' minds.
2. Gossip which puts in circulation military information which might reach the enemy.
3. Defeatist talk regarding the war effort.

**Use Chatter Boxes**

A suggested slogan is "Sew your lips with khaki cotton lest you say what's best forgotten."

"Chatter boxes" will be placed in hotels, clubs and homes. People who circulate rumors or talk indiscreetly will be invited to drop in a contribution for charity.

Every means of modern publicity—newspaper, magazine, advertising posters, radio talks and dramas—will be used to aid the "silent columnists."

## What Is A Breeze? What Is A Gale?

Trans-Canada Aircraft Specifies Speed of Wind; Up to 46 Miles An Hour a Gale

Even at its most furious pace the wind is a piker compared with the planes of the Trans-Canada Air Lines. Going about their daily duty with their loads of passengers, mails and express the TCA aircraft average 180 miles an hour. When the wind goes faster than 75 it's a hurricane.

According to the tables of the Dominion Government's Meteorological services, which watch the weather for pilots, it is "calm" when the wind is moving at less than a mile an hour. Between one and three miles an hour it is designated as "light air." After that, it becomes a breeze, going from slight to gentle to moderate to fresh to strong. A strong breeze is a wind blowing between 25 and 31 miles an hour. Large boughs of the trees are in motion, the telegraph wires whistle and it's difficult to manipulate an umbrella. When the wind is between 32 and 38 miles an hour, it is a moderate gale. Up to 46 it is a gale; a few miles faster and it is a strong gale; when it roars between 55 and 63 miles an hour and uproots trees it is a whole gale.

"Rarely experienced," accompanied by widespread damage," says the table regarding "storm." Then the wind is howling along at anything between 64 and 75 miles an hour. If the storm is seldom experienced in Canada, the hurricane is even rarer.

**Hidden Taxes**  
"Every gasoline pump in Canada has a tax collector standing alongside. In the three Maritime provinces he collects 10 cents on every gallon. In Ontario and Quebec his price is 8 cents. In the four western provinces it is 7 cents. If you didn't have to pay this tax, a dollar bill would take you 100 miles in Ontario or Quebec (that's if you get 20 miles to the gallon and use top quality gas.) As it is, you can only go 71 miles for your dollar."

"In the Maritimes the spread is even greater. Without a tax your gasoline dollar would take you 95 miles under conditions similar to those noted. But by the time the tax collector has stepped in, your mileage (per dollar) is cut to 64.5. Out in Regina you might go 80 miles for your dollar's worth of gasoline, but after the tax collector gets through, you would have to stop and fill up after 63 miles."

"And the tax collector doesn't stop at the gas pump. Not content with the \$42 million he collected there in 1938 he takes an additional \$26 millions in license and registration fees. By no means all of this money goes to pay for maintenance of old highways and construction of new ones."—Exchange

There are now 6,700 interned German and Italian prisoners in Canada.

According to the Turner Valley Flare there is a good deal of feeling out in the Valley about University youths being employed for summer work when there are still experienced men unemployed.

Canada seems particularly well adapted to the making of tanks, with so much power machinery in general use. Britain might make use of the technical ability of Canadian factories to authorize large scale manufacture of war tanks.

## Church Notes

**UNITED CHURCH**  
Sunday, July 21, 11 a.m., morning worship. Sermon subject, "The

## G. M. Carson, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon  
Office Phone 44 — Res. Phone 98  
Carson Block Vulcan, Alta.

## Dr. David Nicol

DENTAL SURGEON  
Office in the Carson Building  
Appointments may be made for any day except Friday.  
Residence Phone 143 — Vulcan, Alta.

## Dr. W. J. Cassady

CHIROPRACTOR  
Myon Method of Foot Correction  
Phone 124 Vulcan  
— Free Consultation —

## Herbert J. Maber

SOLICITOR, BARRISTER AND NOTARY PUBLIC  
Vulcan Street - Vulcan  
Office Phone 45 House Phone 10

## L. H. Stack, K. C.

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY  
IMPERIAL HOTEL BLOCK  
Phones—Business, 39; Residence, 69  
Vulcan, Alberta

## Canadian Legion

B. E. S. L.  
VULCAN BRANCH, No. 21  
Complete Club Facilities  
Visiting members cordially welcomed.

## P. B. DISCHER

VULCAN JEWELLER  
Watches and Jewellery Properly Repaired  
— Issuer of Marriage Licences —

## DAILY TRUCK SERVICE

Vulcan-Blackie-Calgary  
SPEEDY, RELIABLE SERVICE  
Leave Calgary ..... 6:00 a.m.  
Arrive Vulcan ..... 9:30 a.m.  
Leave Vulcan ..... 12:00 noon  
Arrive Calgary ..... 3:00 p.m.

## Speedway Cartage

Phone E5511, Calgary  
Vulcan depot: Central Garage

Church—On the Rock, or on the Rocks." Children's story, "Hedgehog Harvest." The United Church extends a cordial welcome to all.

**ANGELICAN CHURCH**  
Services will be resumed at St. Aldhelm's church on Sunday, 21st July, with Holy Communion service at 8.30 and evening at 7.30. There will be no church school.

**CHURCH OF CHRIST**  
Go To Church on Sunday  
I hear thy welcome voice, that calls me Lord to thee,  
For cleansing in Thy precious blood, that flows from Calvary,  
'Tis Jesus calls me on to perfect faith and love  
To perfect hope, and peace, and trust, for earth and heaven above.—L.W.N.

Services—Sunday, Bible School 10:30; worship 11:30; evangelistic service 7:30; Christian Endeavor, 9:00. Wednesday: Prayer meeting 8:00; choir practice 7:00.

Due to the absence of the pastor, sermon subjects will not be announced. Guest speakers will be as follows: Mr. Ross Hollister of Montreal, Sunday morning; Mr. Ray Jones, Vulcan, Sunday evening and Wednesday at 8:00.

**Berrywater**  
Mr. Ray Jones will bring the message assisted by the gospel team at the three o'clock service this Lord's Day. A cordial welcome awaits you at all the announced services.

**Church News**  
L. W. VanAuken showed his motion pictures and three of his young people presented the play "The White Basket," Thursday night at the Tuxedo Park Church of Christ. Miss Marjorie Lommatzsch, Miss Ruth Wismer and Mollie Craig were the cast in the play. Mary Spaeth, Ruth Deans, Ruth Wismer and Leslie Jones accompanied by L. W. VanAuken, pastor of the Church of Christ to the ten day provincial Young People's camp at Loch Laven, Midnapore.

Mr. and Mrs. Donald Smith and family are vacationing; also Mrs. G. A. Warden and family. Miss Marion Morley and Miss Helen Speers are spending a holiday at Banff.



There is no other  
tobacco JUST LIKE  
**OLD CHUM**



### Miss Jones Takes a Holiday

Racing over the sand—playing ducks and drakes with stones—she's the picture of health. Her bathing sandals match her suit—everything is just so. You see, Summer is a very important season for her.

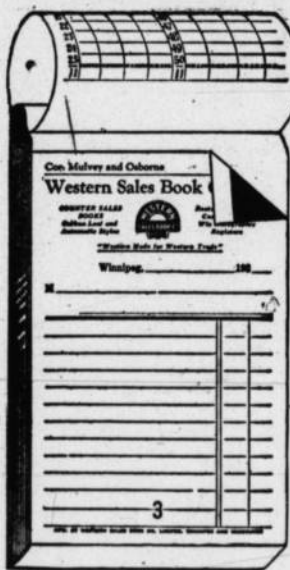
She got her clothes at EATON'S—just like most of her friends. Swim suit, slippers, camera, skin lotion, all came by Mail, right out of the Catalogue! Her place is in the sun—she wants to be well dressed—so she chooses EATON'S!

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WINNIPEG CANADA

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**THE VULCAN ADVOCATE**  
PHONE 36

### A Rich Prize

Senator Key Pittman's suggestion that Britain had better move its government to Canada now, as it is too late to defend the British Isles, brought prompt and vigorous reply both from his own countrymen and from the British. Not enough people realize the vast resources of the British Isles nor their importance in the manufacturing and trading of the world.

Coal deposits alone are estimated at 197,000,000,000 tons. Twenty per cent of the world's supply is taken from them annually. Iron mines, close to coal deposits, account for 5 per cent of the world production.

Agriculture is a billion-dollar-a-year business. Livestock creates an additional \$750,000,000 annual income.

The value of processed foods, drink and tobacco runs to three billion dollars. The famous English textile trade has an annual value of \$2,220,000,000. More than \$950,000,000 worth of chemicals are manufactured every year, iron and steel production adds \$1,400,000,000 more.

The oil shale on the islands represents one-quarter of the world's de-

### U.G.G. Proposes Financing Plan

Gov't Guarantee Against  
Loss Up to Certain Percent-  
age, Enabling Banks to Loan  
Money

A new plan for financing farmers, unable on account of congested elevators, to deliver their grain this fall, is proposed by the Board of Directors of United Grain Growers Limited in a statement made public following a meeting held in Calgary last week. To enable banks to lend money on a broad scale to such farmers, on grain stored on farms, it is suggested that they be given a government guarantee against loss up to a certain percentage of the total lent. This is similar to the plan followed in the last two Home Improvement Loans, experience with which, it is pointed out, has been highly satisfactory both to the Government and to the banks.

It is also asked that the price for wheat to be milled for flour for domestic consumption in Canada be set at not less than \$1.00 per bushel, basis No. 1 Northern in store Fort William.

The statement calls attention to the fact that at the end of May United Grain Growers Limited had urged the Premiers of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba to set up a Western committee to work with the Dominion Government in the solution of problems forced on Western agriculture by war developments. These problems have since become even more pressing with the increased domination of the enemy in Continental Europe and the shutting off of markets formerly existing for Canadian grain. A serious shortage of elevator space is foreseen with greater part of the elevator space in Canada occupied at the beginning of the new crop year with the largest Canadian wheat carryover in the history of the country. A considerable part of the space in country elevators will be occupied by carried over grain and it is declared if the Western wheat crop is as large as 360,000,000 bushels, it will not be possible to find accommodation during the normal threshing period for as much as half of the grain which farmers will desire to deliver.

"This year," it is said, "when available storage space seems likely to be occupied by these farmers who are most fortunately situated, or who are best equipped with machinery, ordinary sources of credit for other farmers are likely to be completely dried up. That is serious for many other interests besides farmers. The early and rapid circulation of large sums of money in the fall is an important factor in the economy of Western Canada and of the whole Dominion. A considerable part of the business of the country which rests upon the early marketing of the western crop is threatened."

The statement urges the need for continued price protection through the Canadian Wheat Board, and enabling the Board to handle all wheat without the existing limitation of 5,000 bushels. It continues, "The question of price at which wheat should be sold needs to be considered apart from the initial price paid by the Wheat Board, which represents a minimum price guarantee. If there is no functioning market, as now seems possible, it will be for the Government of Canada to determine at what price wheat should be supplied in Canada for milling purposes. The fact that extremely low prices have recently prevailed in a market disorganized by war is no reason for assuming that western farmers should, through continued acceptance of such prices by the Canadian Wheat Board, subsidize the bread consumers of Canada. It is suggested that a uniform price basis for wheat milled for domestic consumption should be established of not less than \$1.00 per bushel for No. 1 Northern in store at Fort William."

"The price at which wheat is to be sold to Great Britain should be a matter of direct negotiation between the government of this country and the British Government, in order to arrive at a fair and reasonable price. No longer can ordinary market machinery be relied on to establish a satisfactory basis. It is equally the case that the responsibility for necessary negotiations can not be left to the Canadian Wheat Board, dealing with an agency buying for the British government. On a matter such as this, involving government responsibility, the government policy in both countries, and with the question involved of financing a common war effort, only the government themselves can deal satisfactorily."

posita.  
Great shipyards—perhaps the greatest in the world—make England especially desirable as a war prize for a nation still dreaming of expansion.

Britain is first among maritime nations. More than a quarter of the world's ships, approximately 18,900,000 tons, fly her flag. That is three times as many as sail from the ports of England's nearest maritime competitor—the United States.—Red Deer Advocate.

#### DISCARDED

He grabbed me 'round my slender neck,  
I could not call or scream.  
He dragged me to his dingy room  
Where we could not be seen.  
He tore away my flimsy wrap  
And looked upon my form.  
I was so cold and damp and scared,  
While he was so hot and warm.  
His feverish lips he pressed to mine,  
I gave him every drop.  
He drained of my very self,  
I could not make him stop.  
He made what I am to-day;  
That's why you find me here—  
A broken bottle thrown away,  
That once was full of beer.—The Rea-  
con.

### Items From Bob Edwards' Inimitable Eye Opener

Elections conceded for R. A. Wallace; One exploiting settler with high prices; Words of warning re smallpox

(May 1902)

Rest, weary spirit! Wetaskiwin has elected a town council. Hang your banners on the outer walls, the cry is still "Rats!"

It is curious how owners, however small, get infatuated with and saturated in their own stock. We once heard a man up on Bitter Lake, near Wetaskiwin, some years ago, express the wish that there would be a great European war, so that the price of beef would go up. Yet he had only three steers.

#### Wallace and Bennett For Sure

The following gentlemen who will run for election on the 21st, need lose no sleep unless they keep awake laughing: Haultain, Wallace, Bennett, Young, Rosenroll, Simpson and Dick Seymour. Dr. Brett is unfortunately handicapped in his canvassing work by the illness of Mrs. Brett. The above entries, however, are sure things.

#### Klondyke Prices

High prices continue to rule in Dawson City, which is probably the most expensive town in the world. Everything is much dearer than in Calgary, incredible as it may seem. At this time of year, three eggs in a restaurant cost \$1.50, while a caribou steak costs \$2. Champagne, alas, is \$10.50 a quart.

#### Killing Off Customers

Who is there foolish enough to come and settle in a country where the people are choked into submission and robbed by commercial pirates. The immediate effect of the Lumber combine abominable extortion will cast a blight on the West from which it will not recover for years.

Never, Never, Never can we hold newcomers who come with the object of building a home, unless we crush this hideous combine whose storm centre is B.C., with sub cyclones sweeping the people off their feet in the prairie provinces.

In the city of Calgary, between lumber combines and real estate agents, a man would have to be a Pat Burns or a Hull to buy a lot and build a home. Result no building. Further result, landlords banding together like a school of sharks and raising rents.

The proof that the combine is a conspiracy, is proved by the fact that John Jones cannot sell lumber, unless the Lumbermen's Association grants permission. He must go down on his knees and beg, promising to abide by the hard and fast rules, the penalty being expulsion and boycott.

How about our lawmakers, whose close connivance makes them as bad as the main grafters? No lumber merchant in Alberta can get a carload of lumber unless he belongs to the association, nor can a contractor buy a carload from the manufacturer. The rules prevailing in this Association are as strict and subject to punitive measures as the Winnipeg Grain Exchange. Another rotten outfit.

#### Advertisements

##### Stock Cattle

I have for sale 500 head of one and two-year-old steers, also 450 head of one and two-year-old heifers. These are mixed range and Manitoba cattle. Can be seen two miles from Calgary. (Frank Collicutt.—Advt.)

##### Dentistry

Dr. C. L. Mara will be at Dr. Stanley's office, High River, the last Thursday of every month, and at Alberta Hotel, Okotoks, the first Thursday in every month. All work guaranteed.—(Advt.)

##### A Word of Warning

The Medicine Hat News says: "We have it on good authority that the smallpox outbreak on the Blackfoot reserve is spreading. Two cases of the mild type were quarantined a month ago. Yesterday 15 more cases were discovered by the Mounted Police. As the Blackfoot Indians are roaming all over the country, some special effort should be made to prevent the spread of the disease. A party of Blackfoot Indians was here last week selling horses."

##### About the Church

Of course—we knew, it was coming—somebody had to jump us about our remarks on preachers and modern methods of exploiting religion. Have we got to explain ourselves every issue for reflections in the previous? Here goes anyhow. There is something greater in the Christian religion than the Bible and greater than the church. It is the simple personality of Jesus Christ. Christianity and Christ are interchangeable terms. The church has become a gigantic collecting agency. Who can deny this?

### Transport Wheat Safely to Britain

A light on Britain's control of the seas is given in the fact that more than 70,000,000 bushels of wheat have gone overseas since January last.

More than 23,395,000 bushels of wheat were imported from Canada alone last year, by Belgium, Luxembourg, Holland, Norway and Denmark. Another victim of Nazi aggression, Poland, usually grows sufficient grain for her own needs.

Biggest buyers of Canadian wheat among the conquered countries were Belgium and Luxembourg, who purchased more than 10,451,000 bushels. Holland took 5,982,000, Norway 3,845,000 and Denmark 3,166,000 bushels.

Because of the tight British blockade, these countries now are unable to import wheat from overseas and empty stomachs are expected to increase Hitler's economic worries.

### Passes Through War Zones Safely

(From The High River Times)

Dr. Mack Eastman of the International Labor office, Geneva, who in times past has been a frequent visitor here, has made his way from Geneva to Lisbon, Portugal, having been fortunate in crossing the Spanish border just in time. A postcard to relatives here is dated from Lisbon, July 10, reaching here July 15—quick time by clipper mail. He says: "At daybreak, June 20, I made a break for it in an old Jaggeranot of a car. The first 15 hours I was going up and down mountain paths, getting cornered, getting extricated. Finally reached across the Rhone."

Next day a French General loaned me a military chauffeur and we got across the Spanish frontier just in time. Had to take a car because trains (Geneva, Lyons, Bordeaux to Lisbon) had been suddenly suppressed. Were it not for the family, should much rather have died than see such horrors as have come to pass in Europe. If only the United States will understand in time what toil and trouble they are laying up for themselves if we go down!"

Dr. Eastman is waiting his turn at Lisbon for a boat, hoping to make his way eventually to his family in Canada.

Is your Advocate subscription paid?

### Stock Growers Ask For Beef Grading

Compulsory Measure May Be  
Request, Studying Lines of  
B. C. Grading

Provided present plans materialize, the Western Stock Growers' Association will in the near future invite representatives of the entire beef industry to act on a committee established to study the feasibility of compulsory beef grading in Alberta.

This committee, the directors decided, will attempt to secure a complete review of the beef grading through asking representatives of other organizations, such as farmers' bodies, consumers and retailers to act on it. Packers will also be asked to give their views.

From the opinions of everyone concerned, including government officials, the association hopes to be able to evolve a plan suitable for Alberta. It may to some extent be modeled along the lines of the system used in Vancouver for some time with necessary variations to meet local conditions.

### World and Domestic Wheat Problems

are discussed in our  
Weekly Market Letter. If you wish to keep in-  
formed on current wheat matters you may obtain  
copies of this Letter at our Local Elevator.



**PIONEER GRAIN COMPANY  
LIMITED**

# BEER

IS A NATURAL PART  
OF GRACIOUS, MORE  
SENSIBLE LIVING

More and more people have found moderation much more pleasant when they relax and enjoy themselves. And that is one thing about BEER—it's a leisurely kind of beverage—a natural part of gracious, more considerate living.

INSIST on the BEST  
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**ALBERTA  
BRAND BEERS**

"the BEST BEER MADE"

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Your advertising placed in the Vulcan Advocate goes directly into the home and reaches the attention and arouses the interest of every member of the family.

For sustained results that build a sustaining business the local paper can serve you best.

**The Vulcan Advocate**



## Safely Returning Undersize Fish

Best Way to Save Undersize Trout After Being Hooked: Everyone Wants to Know

Many amateur fishermen have been taking undersize fish from the streams and are very scrupulous in returning these fish to the water, but unless this is done in a special way, the fish may not survive, to grow into big fellows. An old fisherman gives this advice: "I believe it would be of benefit if the amateur angler were instructed in the handling of undersized fish during the course of their pilgrimages along the streams. The amateur is equally anxious as the old disciple of Isaac Walton in the saving of small, undersize fish, which will persist in becoming hooked."

"Do not jerk the fish out of the water and clasp it to your bosom like it was a prospective bride. When you see you have an undersize fish on, reel it in, stoop down and grasp the leader and pull the fish to the edge."

"Now, with the other hand catch the fish with the thumb or forefinger by the lower lip and push your fly backwards, thus freeing the fish, without either handling or removing it from the water. In all such cases when handling fish caught on the fly, the fish will be totally unharmed."

"Should the undersize fish have been caught on bait, and hooked back in the mouth or in the throat, to remove the hook will cause bleeding and kill the fish."

"In this case, cut or break your leader close to the hook and leave the hook imbedded in the fish's mouth."

"It is surprising how soon this hook will either work out or rust away, still leaving the fish to grow to sporting size."

## Detroit Press Says Canada Bountiful For War Effort

Essential to War Effort of Britain and Defence of U.S., Says Detroit Free Press.

The Detroit Free Press correspondent, John Lear, in a recent issue of the paper, presents the position of Canada in respect to Britain and United States. He says it is too bountiful a land to be overlooked in any scheme of world dominion.

France's surrender to the Germans brings Europe's war much closer to Canada, Uncle Sam's giant neighbor. Any threat to this British dominion is indirectly a threat to its neighbor, but this one is more than that because it is a threat to the St. Lawrence River, gateway to the industrial heart as well as the breadbaskets of both Canada and the United States.

The tiny islands of St. Pierre et Miquelon—all that are left of the once great French colonial empire in North America—have been pointed out in the House of Commons by Prime Minister Mackenzie King as a new vital zone in Canadian defense now that France has capitulated. The British Empire dare not permit them to fall under unfriendly government, whether German or German-dominated French, lest they endanger Newfoundland athwart the mouth of the St. Lawrence, entrance to the rich Great Lakes.

If enemy ships or submarines could be based on those islands they would be in an ideal spot to disrupt Canada's economy (both farm and industry rely on the lakes and the river for a road to market) and cripple the sea-going freight trains which leave Halifax harbor twice a week with men and munitions and supplies for warring England.

Canadian officials expect that one of Hitler's next moves, in his effort to drive Britain to her knees, will be to send ships and submarines into this side of the Atlantic to cut off the convoys and blockade the British Isles.

Every precaution has been taken against this possibility. Newfoundland and Iceland, strategic points on trans-Atlantic routes, have been occupied by Canadian soldiers. Canadian ships patrol the waters in this neighborhood. Canadian guns guard every square inch of water for miles around Halifax harbor. And battleships of the British Navy are constantly snooping around. From the Empire standpoint, no protection can be too great for Canada because Canada is a tremendous supply house for an England which badly needs supplies.

As a granary, Canada makes Europe's Ukraine—which Hitler considers a treasure house—look like a one-horse farm. In 1928-39, the Dominion exported 165,000,000 bushels of wheat twice as much as all the lands along the lower Danube and almost five times as much as Russia. The most that Russia and the Danubian countries together ever were able to produce beyond their own needs was 203,000,000 bushels; Canada's top was 406,000,000 bushels.

Bacon and ham and cheese, foods on which England relies, are sent from here by the millions of pounds. Oats, barley, potatoes, tobacco, eggs, poultry and fruit go out in smaller amounts. The fish exports are famous.

In the raw materials of war, Canada is also well-stocked. It is the world's largest producer of nickel, which makes steel tough. It is third in the production of copper and zinc and fourth in lead, the three other most important ingredients of munitions.

Its oil reserves, in the Turner Valley of Alberta, have been growing larger with the years. It has more asbestos (important in machine warfare) than any other part of the world. In a long war, gold is important. Canada has lots of gold.

Electric power is abundant in the rocky woodlands of this dominion. Power means phosphates and nitrates, which mean high explosives.

In short, Canada is the richest territorial prize on the face of the globe today except for the United States. It is the biggest chunk of the British Empire (27 per cent.) Its people are independent, like their neighbors in the United States. They show their hate for Hitler's form of government and they are marshaling every resource of their land to stop him. If he should defeat England, they say, "We'll carry on the fight from here."

The Medicine Hat Canadian Legion has demanded the resignation of City Solicitor, Sam Short, as city employee, because Short was defense council for a man accused and convicted of subversive utterances.

## Hoe and Scuffler Conserve Moisture

Instead of Pails of Water Laboriously Carried, Rake, Hoe and Scuffler Does Better

The Peace River region of Northern Alberta and Northern British Columbia is subject to lengthy periods of dry weather, yet the Dominion Sub-station at Beaverlodge, Alberta, has never had a complete failure of its vegetable garden and usually has a flourishing one, though no vegetable crop except celery is ever watered after the transplanting stage. Transplants are occasionally watered when being set out—not afterwards. It is strictly against the rule insisted upon by the Superintendent, W. D. Albright, who wishes to see what can be grown by the means within anyone's reach. Incidentally, clean cultivation conserves all the plant food, as well as the moisture, for the crop.

The hoe and the scuffler are still indirect means of watering the garden, because for one thing they kill the moisture-pumping weeds. Even during a prolonged dry spell a hill of corn may continue to thrive if assured a "moisture" in a square yard of ground. If obliged to compete with a mat of weeds, the corn is stunted.

The average gardener's blind faith in the sprinkling can is pathetic. Beyond a little momentary refreshment of the leaves, the sprinkled contribution is wasted or worse. The moisture that helps a crop materially is the moisture that gets down to the seeds or the roots. It takes quite a wetting to do this.

When the seed bed is exceedingly dry, a judicious soaking of the opened seed furrow to promote germination might not be a bad idea, but after that if instead of totting pails of water from creek or pond, people would use the rake, hoe and scuffler assiduously to keep down intruders, they would be surprised to find how well their gardens grew with the moisture provided by nature.—Country Life in B.C.

## Star of Destiny

The tragedy that depresses every one of us is the senseless destruction of human lives and the famine which threatens a large part of the Old World—all the result of the egomaniacal blood lust of one individual, Hitler, and of the traitorous self-interest of the fawning camp-follower, Mussolini. These wholesale assassins are the Black Plague of modern times. The Black Plague kept the population down and one cannot help wondering whether these two master murderers have not had the same purpose in mind. To them, human lives, whether those of their own people or of other nations, mean less than nothing. They kill and they starve human beings by the million and then they preen themselves and boast.

What a dark world they would have us face! So it is to the British Commonwealth of Nations that the down-trodden countries must look for rescue from degradation and death and for the righting of the world's wrongs.

Here the star of destiny will rise for the British Commonwealth and for the other English-speaking peoples and from the ashes and the anguish will come a new world that will know not Hitler and that will be dedicated to the highest ideals of civilization and of Christianity.—C. A. Hayden, Country Life in B.C.

A German storm trooper has been employed with the BBC but has been dismissed. It was claimed that a Nazi organization had been formed to spread defeatist talk.

## 49¢ SPECIALS

Sewing Thread, 200 yd. spools, 40 and 50 white 7 spools ..... 49c  
Ladies' Fancy Lace Collars, several styles ..... 49c  
Ladies' Silk Crepe Hose, all new shades, pair ..... 49c  
Pillow Cases, Hemstitched, 45 in., per pair ..... 49c  
Fancy Check Terry Towels, several colors, pair ..... 49c  
Plain Shades Cotton Crepe, several colors, 4 yds ..... 49c  
Fancy Rayon and Cotton Tea Cloths, 42x42 in. ..... 49c  
Rayon Curtain Net, 40 in. wide, per yd. .... 49c  
Ladies' Fancy Rayon Elastic Snug Panties ..... 49c  
Boys' Balbriggan Combinations, suit ..... 49c

— "The Store Where Your Dollar Buys More" —

**F. M. ANDERSON & CO. LTD.**

## Banff Indian Days Celebration

(Contributed)

Indian days at Banff this year will be on July 18, 19, 20, 21st. Again the Stoney Indians will hold their age old annual celebration on the hunting grounds of their ancestors. Each afternoon and evening two different performances will be staged; the afternoon devoted to Stampede events and at night the big dancing and singing show.

Saturday night, July 20th, promises to go down in Indian Days' history as the biggest event ever staged by the tribe. On that evening, Mr. John Burns of Calgary, nephew of the late Senator Pat Burns will be made a blood brother of the tribe. This event is one of importance to the Stoney as in the induction to membership in the tribe, signifies the one thus honored is held in high esteem by the tribe, for past endeavors on behalf of the Indians.

Mr. Burns has been for years a fine friend to the Indians and this year they show their appreciation by adopting him into the tribe with all the formalities and ceremonials that go with such an event. It promises to be most colorful, and will no doubt attract a large crowd to witness it.

Others who have been adopted into the Stoney tribe in the past are H.R.H. The Duke of Connaught, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, Helen Keller, Guy Weadick and a few of the pioneers in the district, close to the Stoney reserve.

The committee in charge of the Indian Days headed by Norman Luxton and Bill Brewster, have worked hard to make this years celebration distance all its predecessors.

## Oppose Entrance Of Hutterites

A proposal that a colony of Hutterites now in England would be brought out to Canada for safety, and located in Alberta, has been meeting with considerable protest. There is quite a strong feeling against admitting any more sects under special privileges such as have been given to Hutterites, Mennonites and Doukhobours. In time of crisis, they are relieved of all responsibility in national protection and are not required to compensate with any special taxation. Feeling against any further extraneous of such privileged classes is growing.

Two Lethbridge organizations registered vigorous protests against any more Hutterites being permitted to take up residence in Canada.

Lethbridge branch of the Canadian Legion asked Senator W. A. Buchanan and J. H. Blackmore, Lethbridge M.P., and Alex. Walker, Dominion president of the Canadian Legion at Calgary, that any move to bring Hutterites from England be blocked.

The Lethbridge Municipal Chapter, Imperial Order of the Daughters of the Empire, have protested to the provincial organization of the I.O.D.E. against the immigration.

Leaders of the Hutterite colony in southern Alberta proposed several days ago to the provincial government that they bring about 100 women and children of their sect here from a colony in England.

Major-General A. G. McNaughton, General O.C. of 1st Canadian division, is promoted to Lieut.-General in command of a new British army corps to include Canadian forces in England.

The British public is showing splendid morale in the face of ever-present danger. It is said that the only things that the British civilian protest, are the constant admonitions on the part of government speakers to "stand firm" (they don't need it) and the withholding by the official bureau of a full statement of all casualties from air raids.

## ADVOCATE CLASSIFIEDS

Classified Advertising Rates  
For ads not exceeding 5 lines (figure 6 words to line) charges are:  
50c for first insertion.  
25c for each insertion thereafter.  
"Cards of Thanks" and "In Memoriams"—10c per line. Minimum charge 50c.

### NOTICE

#### AUCTION SALES

Last Saturday of every month, specializing in livestock of all kinds but selling anything and everything of value, listings must be in by the 20th of each month. Farm and livestock sales cried anytime, anywhere. Over thirty years' selling experience. Col. Hitchner, Auctioneer, License No. 23-40-41, phone 175, High River.

### NOTICE

Anyone having anything of value for sale in the near future, please get in touch with Joe Gerding or C. B. Shimp. Community auction sales will be conducted from time to time from now on.—JOE GERDING, Auctioneer, License No. 48-40-41.

### ESTRAY

STRAYED—From the premises of the undersigned, two Yorkshire Sows, weight about 400. Reward for information leading to recovery of same. C. L. Oldfield, Milo. 2p

### FOR SALE

**JERSEY BULL FOR SALE**—Calgary Aligator's No. 93232. Born March 1936. Bred by Fred Yeasley of Calgary. Sire Aligator's Linnet Boy, No. 67931. Dam of Sire, Lindell Beau Ideal, No. 46684. Production, milk 11308, butterfat 685 pounds. Dam Jaunita Stamawes, No. 35198. Milk production 11308, butterfat 604 pounds. Owners R. S. Irwin and F. W. Shaw, phone R712 and R906 Vulcan.

**FOR SALE**—Reconditioned Beatty Gas Washer. Priced for quick sale. Apply Vulcan Electric Co.

### WANTED

**WANTED**—Housekeeper wanted by elderly farmer. No others in the family. New home, 5 miles from town. Will pay going wages. Middle-aged person preferred. Apply Box R, Vulcan Advocate.

### TENDERS WANTED

Tenders will be received until July 27 for the supply of coal and wood for the schools of the Foothills School Division for the coming school year. Details may be secured from the undersigned at High River.

J. T. HYDE,

29-1-c Secretary

### LOST

**LOST**—One bobtailed Collie dog, black and white with yellowish spot over hips. Three years old. Strayed about July 13th from the vicinity of six miles east of Vulcan. \$5.00 reward.—R. D. Edgington, Vulcan.

### CARD OF THANKS

We wish to express our sincere thanks and appreciation to the nursing staff, Doctor G. M. Carson, Doctor McKenzie and our many friends during our recent bereavement.  
—Mrs. A. J. Flood and family

The Minister of Defence has called for 77 women. There are 40,000 wanted for the C.A.S.F. and 37,000 for the permanent militia.

Canadian sportsmen won a good share of Stampede day-money and final titles. Nick Night of Wyoming got the N.A. championship for bucking horse. Jack Wade of Halkirk, is champion all-round cowboy.

## Vulcan Municipal Hospital District No. 19 NOTICE

Please take notice that on and after August 1st, 1940, patients admitted to the Vulcan Municipal Hospital are required to deposit an amount equivalent to ten days hospitalization fees, if they remain over ten days, the additional amount must be paid before discharge.

Indigent cases not of an emergent nature, must have an order from their Municipality before being admitted.

By order of the Board of the Vulcan Municipal Hospital District, No. 19.

D. A. McAFFEE, Secretary-Treasurer

## HAIL INSURANCE

You may have to depend on the Government as to the price of your wheat, but it is up to YOU to protect your crop against HAIL.

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**C. B. SHIMP, VULCAN**

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With 2000 Teeth To Bite and Grip The Road  
Let us show you, today, the world's finest tire... Dunlop 'Fort'... the only tire with 2000 solid rubber teeth... over 5000 sharp edges to bite and grip the road and give you silent traction, increased stability and greater safety in every road condition. Come in. Choose the Dunlop that best suits your purpose and purpose from our complete range of these famous quality tires.

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